

2nd Asia Renewable Energy Workshop in Jakarta



Torrefied Biomass (CO2 Free Fuel) Production by Antler Kiln

- Contribution for Reduction of CO2 Emission on Power Generation in Indonesia -

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➢ Power Industry needs CO2 Free Fuel

Indonesian Government provide incentive for biomass fuel such as Feed in Tariff (FIT).





Issue with Biomass as Fuel

- Low Calorific Value (high volatile organic compound and oxygen)
- Low Energy Density (too bulky, not economical to transport over long distance)

➢Non-Homogeneous

- Difficult to Pulverize like Coal in PC Boiler System (poor graindability)
- >Hydroscopic (absorbs moisture during storage)
- ➢ Big Advantage : CO2 Free



Solution : Mild Pyrolysis =Torrefaction -



>A thermochemical treatment process, similar to roasting or mild pyrolysis

- ➢ To remove some Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) and Hemicellulose in Biomass, leaving only cellulose & lignin to produce a charcoal-like carbonaceous product (Torrefied Biomass).
- ➢VCOs and Hemicellulose are utilized fuel to generate process heat for Torrefaction.
- Depending on the process conditions, the Torrefied Boimass yield varies between 70% to 80% dry basis.



Effects of Torrefaction







Hiroshima Gastechno - Service's Antler Kiln





Antler kiln is a highly efficient and reliable pyrolysis technology to produce semi-coke and char from organic waste and biomass such as woody waste and palm kernel shell (PKS) without any trouble of by-product tar.



Feature of Antler Kiln





Organic waste and biomass are carbonized without air by in-direct heating of selfsustaining combustion of by-produced gas and tar, and only solid product such as semicoke and char is produced. Moisture content of feed material for Antler Kiln is required under 15% to keep the flame of gas & tar combustion. Hiroshima Gastechno • Service successfully developed novel pyrolysis technology by industrializing conventional and proven pyrolysis technology without environmental pollution.



Large Scale Test Facilities of Antler Kiln in Hiroshima





Hiroshima Gastechno - Service has several test facilities to provide best solution for client by utilizing Antler Kiln. Test results clarify the quality of carbonized solid product, best pyrolysis conditions and commercial performance & design.



Small & Middle Size Test & Research Facilities of Antler Kiln in Hiroshima





[Test Dryer]

Wet material is dried to determine required heat quantity. Approximately 50kg wet material is processed per hour.



[Continuous Pyrolysis Test Kiln]

ID 0.5m x Length 3m

Processed material is carbonized continuously to determine best condition such as temperature and retention time. Approximately 20-30kg material is processed per hour.



[Batch Test Pyrolysis Furnace]

F Batch test clarifies best pyrolysis conditions before continuous pyrolysis test. Meanwhile, continuous pyrolysis test requires feed material size 20-30mm therefore batch test is utilized for carbonizing material as it is and also material hard to be crushed. Batch test pyrolysis furnace has 80 liter volume.



Past Record of Commercial Antler Kiln in Japan (1)



Paper mill sludge of which moisture contents 40-50% is dried and carbonized pollution free by Antler Kiln system effectively to minimize fossil fuel consumption.



Plant Size: Small Sludge Processing Capacity: Approximately 800kg/h Product Application: Lagging Material for Steelmaking



Plant Size: Middle



Sludge Processing Capacity: Approximately 3,500kg/h Product Application: Lagging Material for Steelmaking



Sludge Processing Capacity: Approximately 6,500kg/h Product Application: Soil Conditioner



Past Record of Commercial Antler Kiln in Hiroshima , Japan (2)



Waste rubber such as car sashes is carbonized pollution free and steam generated by waste heat from pyrolysis is utilized as heat source for production and hearing in plant. Effective utilization of waste heat reduced fossil fuel consumption by reducing steam consumption from existing boiler.



[Technical Data]

Waste Rubber Processing Capacity: 140ton/month Carbonized Product Production Capacity: 50-60ton/month (sale to Steel Mill as Recarborizing Agent) J





Past Record of Commercial Antler Kiln in Nagasaki, Japan (3)





Automobile Shredder Residue (ARS) Processing 1t/h plant

Diameter 1.6m x Length 12m



Expected PKS Torrefaction Process by Antler Kiln







PKS Torrefaction by Ready-Made Antler Kiln





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Material Balance of STD 1 Unit for dying Wood Chip Moisture $45\% \rightarrow 10\%$







Dried Wood Chip Torrefaction by Ready-Made Antler Kiln







Indonesian Palm Oil Production by Year







Yield of Palm Products and Its Amount in Indonesi



Appellative	Yield (wt%)	Yield on CPO (wt%)	Production in 2014 (million ton)
FFB (Fresh Fruit Bunch)	100	370	122.10
CPO (Crude Palm Oil)	20 77	20 27 100	24.44
PKO (Palm Kernl Oil)	7 27 10	100	8.56
PKS (Palm Kernel Shell)	7	26	8.58
EFB (Empty Fruit Bunch)	23	85	28.05
Fiber	13	48	15.84
Othres	30	111	36.63

> The utilization of EFB as a fuel is one of important issues in Indonesia.

The advantage of EFB is huge big amount and disadvantage is high moisture and high Na & K content that are not good for combustion.



Concept of CO2 Reaction in Coal Power Generation - Trading of CO2 Emission Credit -





Japanese Power Utilities can reduce their CO2 emission in Japan by utilizing this scheme.



Expected Torrefied EFB Production by STD & Antler Kiln







CO2 Reaction in Coal Power Generation by Torrefied Biomass



300MW Coal Power Plant

Torrefied Biomass Annually 100,000 ton



CO2 Reduction Rate : 10% Annual CO2 Reduction : 200,000 ton



New Biomass/Coal plant technology creates New Environmental Value





Biomass/Coal combined Fossil Power Plant will create Environment Value, Which could reduce not only CO₂, But also Investment cost.









ThankYou